

COLOURFUL
CAR PARK
DECKING



ANTI SLIP
FINISHES



CORROSION
PROTECTION
COATINGS



FAST CURE
FLOORING



FOOD & BEVERAGE
FLOORING



TYPICAL CHEMICAL
RESISTANCE OF
FLOWCRETE FLOORING
MATERIALS



FLOWCRETE AUSTRALIA

Flowfast Chemical Resistance Data

COLOURFUL CAR
PARK-DECKING



ANTI SLIP
FINISHES



FOOD &
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FLOORING

ANTISTATIC SYSTEMS
FOR ELECTRONICS
MANUFACTURING

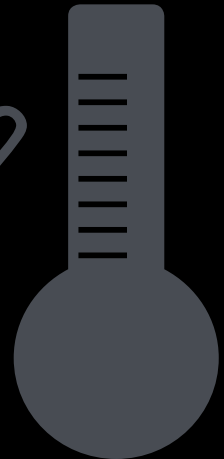
FAST CURE
FLOORING



HEAVY
DUTY
SCREEDS



CORROSION
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Chemical resistant tests have been completed on Flowcrete's Flowfast range of flooring products....

For resistance data for substances not listed here, we are able to perform additional tests.

For this purpose, you should send a 1kg sample and a material safety data sheet of the substance in question and, if available, a technical data sheet. In addition, please let us know how often and how long the contact time may be, what the maximum concentration of the substance is, and what will be the maximum temperature at which the contact occurs.

A preliminary evaluation is possible within 10 working days, while a complete chemical resistance test takes 2 months.

Please Note...



Unless otherwise noted, the test was done at room temperature; in general higher temperatures cause a stronger reaction.



Samples of self-levelling and trowel coatings, sealed with Flowfast Hard Seal were tested.



Unsealed coatings or those sealed with other products could show lower resistance characteristics.



Chemicals might cause discolouration, without affecting the coatings performance.



Discolouration/staining is not classified as chemical attack if hardness is unchanged.



Higher temperatures will reduce the chemical resistance shown in the performance table.



Some chemicals may concentrate due to evaporation and become more aggressive.



Mixtures of chemicals can be more aggressive than might be expected from the individual components alone.

| ACIDS (tested at 20–25°C unless stated) | % | TEST RESULT |
|--|----|-------------|
| Acetic Acid | 25 | + |
| Acetic Acid | 30 | 0 |
| Acetic Acid | 80 | – |
| Boric Acid | 3 | + |
| Chromic Acid | 20 | + |
| Chromic Acid | 40 | – |
| Fatty Acid (Tall Oil) | | + |
| Formic Acid | 10 | + |
| Formic Acid | 30 | 0 |
| Hydrochloric Acid (conc.) | 37 | + |
| Lactic Acid | 90 | + |
| Nitric Acid | 10 | + |
| Nitric Acid (conc.) | | – |
| Nitric Acid | 30 | 0 |
| Oxalic Acid | 10 | + |
| Phosphoric Acid | 40 | + |
| Phosphoric Acid (conc.) | | 0 |
| Sulphuric Acid | 50 | + |
| Sulphuric Acid (conc.) | | – |
| Tartaric Acid | 50 | + |

| ALKALIS (tested at 20–25°C unless stated) | % | TEST RESULT |
|--|----|-------------|
| Aluminium Hydroxide | | + |
| Amines | | 0 |
| Ammonia | 10 | + |
| Ammonia | 25 | 0 |
| Caustic Soda | | + |
| Lime Milk | | + |
| Potassium Hydroxide | 50 | + |
| Sodium Hydroxide | 30 | + |

| ORGANIC SUBSTANCES (tested at 20–25°C unless stated) | % | TEST RESULT |
|---|---|-------------|
| Acetone | | – |
| Aromas | | – |
| Benzene | | – |
| Brake Fluid | | – |

| ORGANIC SUBSTANCES (tested at 20–25°C unless stated) | % | TEST RESULT |
|---|----|-------------|
| Butanol | | 0 |
| Butyl Acetate | | – |
| Butylether | | – |
| Chloroform | | – |
| Cyclohexane | | 0 |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | | 0 |
| Diesel | | + |
| Diesel Oil | | + |
| Diethylether | | – |
| Diocetyl Phthalate | | 0 |
| Ethanol | | 0 |
| Formaldehyde | 37 | + |
| Glycerine | | 0 |
| Heptane | | + |
| Hexane | | + |
| Isopropyl Alcohol | | 0 |
| Kerosene | | + |
| Methanol | | – |
| Methylene Chloride | | – |
| Mineral Spirits | | 0 |
| Monochlorobenzene | | 0 |
| N-propyl Acetate | | – |
| N-propyl Alcohol | | 0 |
| Perchlorethylene | | – |
| Petrol (gasoline) medium | | 0 |
| Petrol (gasoline) normal | | 0 |
| Petroleum | | + |
| Phenol | | 0 |
| Solvent naphtha | | + |
| Styrene | | – |
| Turpentine | | + |
| Tetrachloro-hydrocarbons | | – |
| Toluol | | – |
| Trichloroethylene | | – |
| White Spirit | | + |
| Xylol | | – |

Chemical resistance ratings are classified as follows...

+ RESISTANT

Continuous contact seems possible based upon the preliminary test with this medium.

0 LIMITED RESISTANCE

With long term continuous contact, softening or swelling cannot be excluded. Intermittent contact is generally possible.

– NOT RESISTANT

Damage to the Flowfast coating can occur even with intermittent contact.

| OTHER (tested at 20–25 °C unless stated) | % | TEST RESULT |
|---|----|-------------|
| Ammonia | | + |
| Ammonium Chloride Solution – Saturated | | + |
| Ammonium Sulphate Solution – Saturated | | + |
| Animal Fat | | + |
| Antifreeze | | + |
| Beer | | + |
| Black Tea | | + |
| Bleach | | + |
| Blood | | + |
| Brandy | | + |
| Calcium Chloride Solution – Saturated | | + |
| Chlorine Water | | + |
| Coffee | | + |
| Copper Sulphate Solution – Saturated | | + |
| Crude Oil | | + |
| Cutting Oils | | 0 |
| Deionised Water | | + |
| Dog Urine | | + |
| Effluent (Faeces) | | + |
| “FEWA” | | + |
| Fruit Juice | | + |
| Hydraulic Fluid | | 0 |
| Hydrogen Peroxide | 30 | + |
| Hydrogen Peroxide | 80 | 0 |

| OTHER (tested at 20–25 °C unless stated) | % | TEST RESULT |
|---|----|-------------|
| Lake Water | | + |
| Lard | | + |
| Linseed Oil | | + |
| Milk | | + |
| Mineral Oil | | + |
| Mineral Water | | + |
| Olive Oil | | + |
| “Persil” | | + |
| Potassium Chloride Solution – Saturated | | + |
| “Pril” | | + |
| “REI” | | + |
| Ricinus Oil | | + |
| Silicone Oil | | + |
| Soap Solution | | + |
| Soda | | + |
| Sodium Carbonate Solution – Saturated | | + |
| Sodium Chloride Solution – Saturated | | + |
| Sodium Hypochlorite | 15 | + |
| Stain Remover | | – |
| Tap Water | | + |
| Vegetable Juice | | + |
| Vinegar | | + |
| Water (70°C) | | 0 |
| Whiskey | | 0 |
| Wine | | + |

Any recommendation or suggestion relating to the use of the products made by Flowcrete, whether in its technical literature, or in response to a specific enquiry, or otherwise, is based upon data believed to be reliable, however the products and information are intended for use by Customers having requisite skill and know-how in the industry and therefore it is for the Customer to satisfy itself of the suitability of the products for its own particular use and it shall be deemed that the Customer has done so at its sole discretion and risk.

Note: The data contained herein is based on laboratory tests performed under carefully controlled conditions. No warranty can be expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this information, as it will apply to actual operational use. Plant operations vary widely, and the individual results obtained are affected by the specific conditions encountered, which are beyond our control.

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